IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA

ALISI MAPA,) No. C 04-3342 MMC (PR)
Petitioner,	ORDER DENYING MOTION FOR NEW TRIAL AND REQUEST FOR
v.) CERTIFICATE OF APPEALABILITY
GLORIA HENRY,)
Respondent.	(Docket Nos. 22 & 23)
	,

On August 17, 2004, petitioner, a California prisoner proceeding pro se, filed the above-titled petition for a writ of habeas corpus pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 2254. On May 18, 2007, respondent's motion to dismiss the petition was granted. Now before the Court is petitioner's motion, filed June 6, 2007, for a "new trial" pursuant to Rule 59 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure.

Where, as here, the court's ruling has resulted in a final judgment or order, a motion for reconsideration may be based on Rule 59(e) of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure. In this instance, however, reconsideration is not available to petitioner pursuant to Rule 59(e) because the request was submitted after the time for filing such a motion had passed. See Fed. R. Civ. P. 59(e) (providing motion must be filed no more than ten days following entry of judgment). Moreover, petitioner's motion presents no grounds for reconsideration. A motion for reconsideration under Rule 59(e) "should not be granted, absent highly unusual circumstances, unless the district court is presented with newly discovered evidence, committed clear error, or if there is an intervening change in the law." McDowell v.

<u>Calderon</u> , 197 F.3d 1253, 1255 (9th Cir. 1999) (citation omitted) (en banc).	
Accordingly, petitioner's motion "for a new trial" is hereby DENIED.	
On June 18, 2007, petitioner filed a notice of appeal, which the Court construes as	
including a request for a certificate of appealability pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 2253(c) and	
Federal Rule of Appellate Procedure 22(b). See <u>United States v. Asrar</u> , 116 F.3d 1268, 1270	
(9th Cir. 1997). Petitioner, however, has not shown "that jurists of reason would find it	
debatable whether the petition states a valid claim of the denial of a constitutional right and	
that jurists of reason would find it debatable whether the district court was correct in its	
procedural ruling." See Slack v. McDaniel, 529 U.S. 473, 483 (2000).	
Accordingly, the request for a certificate of appealability is hereby DENIED.	
The Clerk shall forward this order, along with the case file, to the United States Court	
of Appeals for the Ninth Circuit, from which petitioner also may seek a certificate of	
appealability. See Asrar, 116 F.3d at 1270.	
This order terminates Docket Nos. 22 and 23.	
IT IS SO ORDERED.	
DATED: June 27, 2007 MAXINE M. CHESNEY	
MAXINE M. CHESNEY United States District Judge	